



PSYCHIATRIC ASSOCIATION OF BOSNIA-HERZEGOVINA  
UDRUŽENJE/UDRUGA PSIHIJATARA U BOSNI I HERCEGOVINI  
УДРУЖЕЊЕ ПСИХИЈАТАРА У БОСНИ И ХЕРЦЕГОВИНИ

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**World Psychiatric Association (WPA)**

## **The Declaration of Hawaii**

*(Adopted in 1977 at the 6<sup>th</sup> World Congress of Psychiatry in Honolulu, Hawaii-USA;  
Amended in Vienna-Austria in July 1983)*

1. The aim of psychiatry is to treat mental illness and to promote mental health. To the best of his or her ability, consistent with accepted scientific knowledge and ethical principles, the psychiatrist shall serve the best interests of the patient and be also concerned for the common good and a just allocation of health care personnel, patients and the public.
2. Every psychiatrist should offer to the patient the best available therapy to his knowledge and if accepted must treat him or her with the solitude and respect due to the dignity of all human beings. When the psychiatrist is responsible for treatment given by others he owes them competent supervision and education. Whenever there is a need, or whenever reasonable request is forthcoming from the patient, the psychiatrist should seek another colleague.
3. The psychiatrist aspires for a therapeutic relationship that is founded on mutual agreement. At its optimum it requires trust confidentiality, cooperation and mutual responsibility. Such a relationship may not be possible to establish with some patients. In that case, contact should be established with a relative or other person close to the patient. If and when a relationship is established for purposes other than therapeutic, such as forensic psychiatry, its nature must be thoroughly explained to the person concerned.



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- 4.** The psychiatrist should inform the patient of the nature of the condition, therapeutic procedures, including possible alternatives and of the possible outcome. This information must be offered in a considerate way and the patient must be given the opportunity to choose between appropriate and available methods.
- 5.** No procedure shall be performed nor treatment given against or independent of a patient's own will, unless, because of mental illness, the patient cannot form a judgement as to what is in his or her best interest and without which treatment serious impairment is likely to occur to the patient or others.
- 6.** As soon as the conditions for compulsory treatment no longer apply, the psychiatrist should release the patient from the compulsory nature of the treatment and if further therapy necessary should obtain voluntary consent. The psychiatrist should inform the patient and/or relatives or meaningful others, of the existence of mechanisms of appeal for the detention and for any other complaints related to his or her well-being.
- 7.** The psychiatrist must never use his professional possibilities to violate the dignity or human rights of any individual or group and should never let inappropriate personal desires, feelings, prejudices or beliefs interfere with the treatment. The psychiatrist must on no account utilize the tools of his profession, once the absence of psychiatric illness has been established. If a patient or some third party demands actions contrary to scientific knowledge or ethical principles the psychiatrist must refuse to cooperate.
- 8.** Whatever the psychiatrist has been told by the patient, or has noted during examination or treatment, must be kept confidential unless the patient relieves the psychiatrist from this obligation, or to prevent serious harm to self or others makes disclosure necessary. In these cases, however, the patient should be informed of the breach of confidentiality.



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**9.** To increase and propagate psychiatric knowledge and skill requires participation of the patients. Informed consent must, however, be obtained before presenting a patient to a class and, if possible, also when a case history is released for scientific publication, whereby all reasonable measures must be taken to preserve the dignity and anonymity of the patient and to safeguard the personal reputation of the subject. The patient's participation must be voluntary, after full information has been given of the aim, procedures, risks and inconveniences of a research project and there must always be a reasonable relationship between calculated risks or inconveniences and the benefit of the study. In clinical research every subject must retain and exert all his rights as a patient. For children and other patients who cannot themselves give informed consent, this should be obtained from the legal next-of-kin. Every patient or research subject is free to withdraw for any reason at any time from any voluntary treatment and from any teaching or research program in which he or she participates. This withdrawal, as well as any refusal to enter a program, must never influence the psychiatrist's efforts to help the patient or subject.

**10.** The psychiatrist should stop all therapeutic, teaching or research programs that may evolve contrary to the principles of this Declaration.



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